FRANKLIN CLEANING TECHNOLOGY

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Offense

Other means of identification

Product code F2180

Recommended use Floor Wax Stripper **Recommended restrictions** None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name Franklin Cleaning Technology

Address One Fuller Way

Great Bend, KS 67530

United States

Telephone Customer Service

E-mail Not available.

Emergency phone number CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300

Emergency (620) 792-1711 24 hour Emergency (800) 424-9300

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Not classified.

Health hazards Acute toxicity, oral Category 4

Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 respiratory tract irritation

Category 2

(800) 810-4829

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute Category 2

hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

long-term hazard

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Harmful if swallowed. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May cause respiratory

irritation. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when

using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the

environment. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye/face protection.

Response If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If

inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Specific treatment (see this label). If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash

before reuse. Collect spillage.

Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

None known.

Supplemental information

7.94% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 32.14% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 32.14% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
ETHYLENE GLYCOL PHENYL ETHER		122-99-6	10 - < 20
2-aminoethanol		141-43-5	5 - < 10
BUTOXYETHANOL		111-76-2	5 - < 10
Sodium Metasilicate		6834-92-0	1 - < 3
Other components below reportable lev	vels		70 - < 80

^{*}Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

InhalationRemove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get

medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion Rinse mouth. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed Indication of immediate

medical attention and special treatment needed

General information

Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. May cause respiratory irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical

Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Specific hazards arising from

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

the chemical

Special protective equipment

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Fire-fighting Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. **equipment/instructions**

Specific methodsUse standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

General fire hazards No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Environmental precautions

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid release to the environment. Contact local authorities in case of spillage to drain/aquatic environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not contaminate water. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Avoid release to the environment. Do not empty into drains.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Store in original tightly closed container. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

6 mg/m3 3 ppm 240 mg/m3 50 ppm Value 6 ppm	
240 mg/m3 50 ppm Value	
50 ppm	
Value	
6 ppm	
3 ppm	
20 ppm	
Value	
15 mg/m3	
6 ppm	
8 mg/m3	
3 ppm	
24 mg/m3	
5 nnm	
	8 mg/m3 3 ppm

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices				O
Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2)	200 mg/g	Butoxyacetic acid (BAA),	Creatinine in urine	*
2)		with hydrolysis	armio	

^{* -} For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2) Skin designation applies.

US - Tennesse OELs: Skin designation

BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering

controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eve wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) and a face shield. Eye/face protection

Skin protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. **Hand protection**

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protection In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Chemical respirator with

organic vapor cartridge.

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary. Thermal hazards

General hygiene considerations

Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Clear. **Appearance Physical state** Liquid. Liquid. **Form** Color Colorless

Matches to Standard Odor

Odor threshold Not available. 12.7 - 13.3 pН

32 °F (0 °C) estimated Melting point/freezing point

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

335.12 °F (168.4 °C) estimated

201.2 °F (94.0 °C) estimated

Evaporation rate Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Not available. Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

Not available.

(%)

Flash point

Flammability limit - upper

Not available.

Not available. Explosive limit - lower (%) Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure 0.11 hPa estimated

Vapor density Not available. Not available. Relative density

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available. **Partition coefficient** Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature 460.4 °F (238 °C) estimated

Material name: Offense

1295 Version #: 01 Issue date: 09-18-2014

Decomposition temperature Not available. **Viscosity** Not available.

Other information

Density8.80 lbs/gal estimatedPercent volatile93.57 % estimatedSpecific gravity1.06 estimatedVOC (Weight %)15.6 % estimated

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity Reacts violently with strong acids. This product may react with oxidizing agents.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions

Conditions to avoid

Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Do not mix with other chemicals. Contact with

incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Strong acids. Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed.

Inhalation Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. May cause irritation to the respiratory system.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation.

2-Butoxy ethanol may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if contact is repeated and

prolonged. These effects have not been observed in humans.

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause liver and kidney damage. These effects have not

been observed in humans.

Eye contact Causes serious eye damage.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Skin irritation. May cause

redness and pain. May cause respiratory irritation.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity In high concentrations, vapors are anesthetic and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and

central nervous system effects. Harmful if swallowed. May cause respiratory irritation.

Product Species		Test Results	
Offense (CAS Mixture)			
Acute			
Dermal			
LD50	Rabbit	5173.5015 mg/kg estimated	
Inhalation			
LC50	Mouse	14000 ppm, 7 Hours estimated	
	Rat	9000 ppm, 4 Hours estimated	
Oral			
LD50	Mouse	8378.293 mg/kg estimated	
	Rat	4803.5342 mg/kg estimated	
Other			
LD50	Rabbit	5600 mg/kg estimated	
	Rat	838.6905 mg/kg estimated	

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Material name: Offense 1295 Version #: 01 Issue date: 09-18-2014 Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization

Not available.

This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization. Skin sensitization

No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are Germ cell mutagenicity

mutagenic or genotoxic.

This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA. Carcinogenicity

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity

This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not classified.

Not available. **Aspiration hazard**

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. May be harmful if absorbed through skin.

2-Butoxy ethanol may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if contact is repeated and

prolonged. These effects have not been observed in humans.

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause liver and kidney damage. These effects have not

been observed in humans.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Accumulation in aquatic organisms is expected.

Product Speci		Species	Test Results	
Offense (CAS Mixture))			
Aquatic				
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	400.1622 mg/l, 48 hours estimated	
Fish	LC50	Fish	1767.4418 mg/l, 96 hours estimated	

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential No data available. Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

2-aminoethanol -1.31 **BUTOXYETHANOL** 0.83 ETHYLENE GLYCOL PHENYL ETHER 1.16

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow

this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches

with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Local disposal regulations

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste Hazardous waste code

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Material name: Offense SDS US

Contaminated packaging

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

This substance/mixture is not intended to be transported in bulk.

the IBC Code

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. All components are listed or exempted from listing on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2) Listed. ETHYLENE GLYCOL PHENYL ETHER (CAS 122-99-6) Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous No

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
ETHYLENE GLYCOL PHENYL ETHER	122-99-6	10 - < 20
BUTOXYETHANOL	111-76-2	5 - < 10

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

ETHYLENE GLYCOL PHENYL ETHER (CAS 122-99-6)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

US state regulations

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

2-aminoethanol (CAS 141-43-5) BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

2-aminoethanol (CAS 141-43-5) BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2)

ETHYLENE GLYCOL PHENYL ETHER (CAS 122-99-6)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

2-aminoethanol (CAS 141-43-5) BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2)

ETHYLENE GLYCOL PHENYL ETHER (CAS 122-99-6)

US. Rhode Island RTK

BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2) ETHYLENE GLYCOL PHENYL ETHER (CAS 122-99-6)

US. California Proposition 65

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 09-18-2014

Version # 01

Disclaimer The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge,

information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other

materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

Material name: Offense sps us

1295 Version #: 01 Issue date: 09-18-2014